

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/646,923	08/25/2003	Hong-gie Hwang	1293.1884	1952
	7590 01/05/200	EXAMINER		
STAAS & HALSEY LLP SUITE 700			FLORES RUIZ, DELMA R	
1201 NEW YO WASHINGTO	RK AVENUE, N.W.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Wholin Gron, De 20003			2828	
_			•	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		01/05/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office A - 41 Common	10/646,923	HWANG, HONG-GIE			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Delma R. Flores Ruiz	2828	_		
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ad will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fruite, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. a timely filed rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20	September 2006.				
· <u> </u>	nis action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under	·				
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-34</u> is/are pending in the ap	olication		•		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr					
5) Claim(s) <u>18-34</u> is/are allowed.	awn nom consideration.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-4,7-10</u> is/are rejected.	•				
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>5, 6, 11 – 17</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	/or election requirement.				
,,,	, o,				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exami					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached Offi	ice Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreignal All b) Some * c) None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in Applic	ation No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents have been rece	eived in this National Stage			
application from the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not rece	ived.			
, AM					
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summ	any (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mai	l Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informa	al Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

Art Unit: 2828

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Claims 1, 3, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Noda et al (6,229,833).

Regarding claim 1, Noda shown Figure 1, discloses a method of automatically controlling an output power of a laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11), the method comprising: generating an error voltage between an output voltage of the laser diode sampled during an automatic power control period (see Fig. 1, Character 15) and a reference voltage (see Fig. 1, Character 16a); and performing proportional-integral processing (see Fig. 1, Character 12 and Column 11 Lines 17 – 36) on the error voltage to generate a compensated control voltage (it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does

Art Unit: 2828

not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987)) and applying the compensated control voltage to the laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11).

POWER LD 11 14

POWER LD LD 13

ACC ATC

COMPARATOR 160

REFERENCE VOLTAGE LD CURRENT LIMITING CIRCUIT

Regarding claim 3, Noda shown Figure 1, discloses a compensated control voltage applied to the laser diode is an effective control voltage within a predetermined range (see Fig. 1, Character 15).

Regarding claim 7, Noda shown Figure 1, discloses a computer readable medium having embodied thereon a computer program for automatically controlling an output power of a laser diode comprising: generating an error voltage between an output voltage of the laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11) sampled during an automatic power control period (see Fig. 1, Character 15) and a reference voltage (see Fig. 1, Character 16a); and performing proportional-integral processing (see Fig. 1,

Art Unit: 2828

Character 12 and Column 11 Lines 17 – 36) on the error voltage to generate a compensated control voltage (it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987)) and applying the compensated control voltage to the laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11).

Regarding claim 9, Noda shown Figure 1, discloses an apparatus to automatically control an output power of a laser diode, the apparatus comprising: an error voltage generation unit generating an error voltage between an output voltage of the laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11) sampled during an automatic power control period (see Fig. 1, Character 15) and a reference voltage (see Fig. 1, Character 16a); and a control voltage generation unit performing proportional-integral processing (see Fig. 1, Character 12 and Column 11, Lines 17 – 36) on the error voltage provided from the error voltage generation unit to generate an effective control voltage (it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 8 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noda et al (6,229,833) in view of Woodley (2003/0179787 A1).

Regarding claims 4, 8 and 10 Noda shown Figure 1, discloses a method of automatically controlling an output power of a laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11), the method comprising: generating an error voltage between an output voltage of the laser diode sampled during an automatic power control period (see Fig. 1, Character 15) and a reference voltage (see Fig. 1, Character 16a); and performing proportional-integral processing (see Fig. 1, Character 12 and Column 11 Lines 17 – 36) on the error voltage to generate a compensated control voltage (it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex Parte Masham, 2 USPQ F.2d 1647 (1987)) and applying the compensated control voltage to the laser diode (see Fig. 1, Character 11).

Art Unit: 2828

Regarding claim 4, Noda discloses the claimed invention except for analog to digital converter and digital to analog converter. Woodley teaches providing his device with an analog to digital converter and digital to analog converter However, it is well know in the art to apply the analog to digital converter and digital to analog converter as discloses by Woodley in (see Fig. 3). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was to apply the well known analog to digital converter and digital to analog converter as suggested by Woodley to the laser of Noda, because could be use the ADC to converter the laser beam to digital signal to the processor can process the information and could be use the DAC to convert the digital signal to the analog signal to can make a feedback in this device to see (see Fig. 3) of Woodley.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 5, 6, 11 – 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 18 – 34 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 3 – 34 have been considered

but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Delma R. Flores Ruiz whose telephone number is (571)

272-1940. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Min Sun Harvey can be reached on (571) -272-1835. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

Art Unit: 2828

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Examiner Art Unit 2828 DRFR/MH

November 20, 2006

Min Sun Harvey Supervisor Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2828